- A protein according to Claim 79 selected from the 80. group consisting of monoclonal antibodies, IgM antibodies, IgG antibodies, a fragment of an antibody comprising an antigenbinding domain, an antibody without the Fc region and a single chain antibody, or a fragment of any of the above retaining substantially the same antigen-binding specificity antigen-binding portion.
- A protein according to Claim 80, being a monoclonal 81. antibody designated herein as the 5B3 monoclonal antibody.
- 82. A protein comprising an antigen-binding portion having substantially the same antigen binding specificity of the protein according to Claim 81.
- Apparatus for detecting small assayed molecules in a sample, comprising:
  - (a) a sensing member comprising a piezoelectric crystal having at least one sensing surface which can interact with a medium in contact therewith by either binding a first indicator agent from the medium, or by releasing a second indicator agent originally immobilized on the sensing surface into the medium;

the medium being either the sample in which case the assayed molecule present, causes the release of the second indicator agent from the at least one sensing surface, or . being a treated sample preparation obtained by reacting the sample with one or both of a reagent solution or sample-processing hardware, such that said medium comprises a first indicator agent or a second indicator agent-releasing species at a concentration of said agent or species which is in correlation to the concentration of



the assayed molecule in the sample, the binding or release resulting in a change of mass of the sensing surface;

wherein said at least one sensing surface carries capturing agents which bind to neutralizing agents at an assayed molecule-binding domain of the neutralizing agent,

and wherein said capturing agents are assayed molecules, residues or moieties and said neutralizing agents comprise first antibodies which bind to the assayed molecules,

and wherein said first antibodies have the binding characteristics of the 5B3 monoclonal antibody;

- (b) a testing cell for holding said medium and bringing it into contact with said at least one sensing surface; and
- (c) an electric or electronic utility for inducing vibrations in the piezoelectric crystal and measuring resonance frequency thereof, a change in resonance frequency after contact between the sensing surface and the medium, indicating presence of the assayed molecules in the sample.
- 84. An apparatus according to Claim 83, wherein the degree of change in resonance frequency serves as a measure of the level of said assayed molecule in said sample.
- 85. An apparatus according to Claim 83, wherein said assayed molecule is an explosive molecule.
- 86. An apparatus according to Claim 83, wherein said first antibody is the 5B3 monoclonal antibody.
- 87. An apparatus according to Claim 83, wherein said at least one sensing surface carries residues or moieties of the assayed molecules bound to said first antibodies which can

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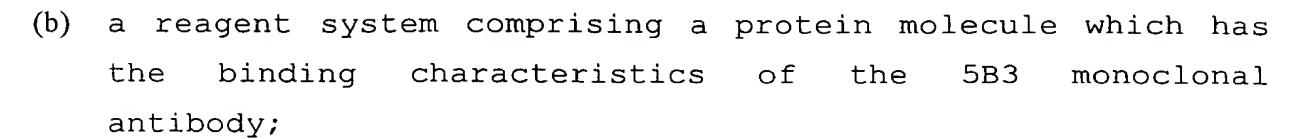


competitively bind to soluble assayed molecules in a medium in contact with the at least one sensing surface, whereby in the presence of the assayed molecules in said medium the antibodies are released from the at least one sensing surface.

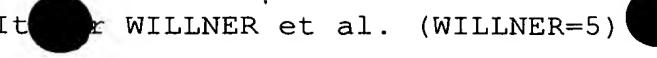
- An apparatus according to Claim 87, wherein the first 88. antibodies are bound or complexed to a mass-increasing agent.
- An apparatus according to Claim 88, wherein said mass 89. increasing agent comprises a second antibody which binds to said first antibody, or comprises avidin or streptavidin bound to a biotin residue conjugated to the first antibody.
- An apparatus according to Claims 83, wherein said 90. assayed molecule is DNT or TNT.
- A system for detecting small assayed molecules in a 91. sample comprising an apparatus according to Claim 83 and one or both of reagents and hardware for processing said sample or for introducing it into said cell.
- A system according to Claim 91, wherein said hardware 92. comprises a flow system for propelling a medium comprising the sample into said cell.
  - 93. A system according to Claim 91, comprising:
  - a sensing member comprising a piezoelectric crystal having (a) at least one sensing surface which carries residues or moieties of said assayed molecules bound to a protein molecule which has the binding characteristics of the 5B3 monoclonal antibody;

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- (b) a testing cell for holding a medium and bringing it into contact with said at least one sensing surface, whereby in the present of the assayed molecules in the medium, at least some of said protein molecules are released into the medium;
- (c) hardware for introducing the sample into the testing vessel; and
- (d) an electric or electronic utility for inducing vibrations in the piezoelectric crystal and measuring resonance frequency thereof, a reduction in resonance frequency after contact between the sensing surface and the medium, indicating presence of said assayed molecule in the sample.
- 94. A system according to Claim 93, wherein said assayed molecule is an explosive molecule.
- 95. A system according to Claim 94, wherein the assayed molecule is DNT or TNT.
- 96. A system according to Claim 93, wherein the protein molecules are bound to mass-increasing agents.
- 97. A system according to Claim 96, wherein said mass increasing agent comprises a second antibody, or avidin or a streptavidin which bind to a biotin moiety conjugated to the protein molecule.
  - 98. A system according to Claim 91, comprising:
  - (a) a sensing member comprising a piezoelectric crystal having at least one sensing surface which carries residues or moieties of the assayed molecules;

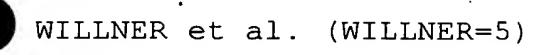


- (c) a testing cell for holding a medium and bringing it into contact with said at least one sensing surface, whereby in the presence of the assayed molecules in the medium, at least some of said monoclonal antibodies are released into the medium;
- (d) an arrangement for contacting the sample with said reagent system to obtain a treated sample preparation and for introducing the treated sample preparation into the testing vessel; and
- (e) an electric or electronic utility for inducing vibrations in the piezoelectric crystal and measuring resonance frequency thereof, a decrease in resonance frequency after contact between the sensing surface and the treated sample preparation, indicating that the sample is free of the assayed molecules.
- 99. A system according to Claim 98, wherein the assayed molecule is an explosive molecule.
- 100. A system according to Claim 99, wherein the assayed molecule is DNT or TNT.
- 101. A system according to Claim 98, comprising a mass-increasing agent for binding to said protein molecule.
- 102. A system according to Claim 101, wherein said mass increasing agent comprises a second antibody, or avidin or streptavidin which bind to a biotin moiety conjugated to the protein molecule.



- A system according to Claim 91, comprising:
- (a) a sensing member comprising a piezoelectric crystal having at least one sensing surface which carries capturing agents for binding to a protein molecule which has the binding characteristics of the 5B3 monoclonal antibody;
- (b) a testing cell for holding a medium and bringing it into contact with said at least one sensing surface;
- (c) a reagent system comprising said protein molecule which can bind to the assayed molecules;
- (d) an arrangement for contacting the sample with the reagent system under condition and for a time permitting binding said protein molecule to the assayed molecules, to obtain a treated sample preparation;
- a filtration system for filtering out from said treated (e) sample preparation of said protein molecule unbound to an explosive molecule to obtain a filtrate essentially devoid of such unbound said protein molecule;
- arrangement for transfer of said filtrate to said testing cell; and
- an electric or electronic utility for inducing vibrations (g) in the piezoelectric crystal and measuring resonance frequency thereof, an increase in resonance frequency after contact between the sensing surface and filtrate, indicating presence of the assayed molecules in the sample.
- 104. A system according to Claim 103, wherein the assayed molecule is an explosion molecule.

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- 105. A system according to Claim 104, wherein the assayed molecule is DNT or TNT.
- 106. A system according to Claim 103, wherein said filtration system comprises immobilized residues or moieties of molecules of the assayed molecule.
- 107. A system according to Claim 103, wherein protein molecule is conjugated to a moiety which binds to said capturing agents.
- 108. A system according to Claim 107, wherein said moiety is a biotin residue and said capturing agent is avidin or streptavidin.
  - 109. A system according to Claim 91, comprising:
  - (a) a sensing member comprising a piezoelectric crystal having at least one sensing surface which carries capturing agents for binding to a protein molecule which has the binding characteristics of the 5B3 monoclonal antibody;
  - (b) a testing cell for holding a medium and bringing it into contact with said at least one sensing surface;
  - a reagent system comprising said protein molecule which can bind to the assayed molecules, said protein molecule being conjugated to an enzyme which can catalyze reaction yielding an insoluble reaction product;
  - an arrangement for contacting the sample with the reagent system under conditions and for a time permitting binding said protein molecule to the assayed molecules, to obtain a treated sample preparation;

- (e) a filtration system for filtering out from said treated sample preparation said protein molecule unbound to an assayed molecule to obtain a filtrate essentially devoid of such unbound protein molecule;
- (f) arrangement for transfer of said filtrate to said testing cell;
- (g) an ensemble of reagents and conditions for inducing said enzyme to catalyze the reaction yielding the insoluble reaction product; and
- (h) an electric or electronic utility for inducing vibrations in the piezoelectric crystal and measuring resonance frequency thereof, an increase in resonance frequency after contact between the sensing surface and the filtrate or after permitting the enzyme to catalyze said reaction, Indicating presence of the assayed molecule in the sample.
- 110. A system according to Claim 109, wherein the assayed molecule is an explosive molecule.

- 111. A system according to Claim 110, wherein the assayed molecule is DNT or TNT.
- 112. A system according to Claim 110, wherein said filtration system comprises immobilized residues or moieties of the assayed molecules.
- 113. A system according to Claims 140, wherein said capturing agent is an immobilized antibody which binds a moiety of said enzyme, such binding not interfering with the catalytic activity of said enzyme.

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114. A system according to Claims 109, wherein said enzyme is selected from the group consisting of horseradish peroxidase, microperoxidase, alkaline phosphatasae, glucoseoxidase and galactosidase.

115. A method for detecting a small assayed molecule in a sample, comprising:

- (a) providing a sensing member comprising a piezoelectric crystal having at least one sensing surface which can interact with a medium in contact therewith by either binding a first indicator agent from the medium, or by releasing a second indicator agent originally immobilized on the sensing surface into the medium;
- (b) contacting the at least one sensing surface with a medium being either the sample in which case the assayed molecule if present causes the release of the second indicator agent from the sensing surface, or being a treated sample preparation obtained by reacting the sample with one or both of a reagent solution or sample-processing hardware, such that said medium comprises a first indicator agent or a second indicator agent-releasing species, at a concentration of said agent or species which is in correlation to the concentration of the assayed molecule in the sample, the binding or release resulting in a change of mass of the sensing surface;
- (c) inducing vibrations in the piezoelectric crystal and measuring resonance frequency thereof; and
- (d) determining whether a change in resonance frequency after contact between the sensing surface and the medium occurred, such change indicating presence of the assayed molecule in the sample.

- A method according to Claim 115, wherein said small 116. molecule is an explosive.
- A method according to Claim 116, wherein 117. explosive is DNT or TNT.
- A method according to Claim 115, wherein the degree 118. of change in resonance frequency serves as a measure of the level of said molecule in said sample.
  - A method according to Claim 115, comprising:
- (a) providing a sensing member comprising a piezoelectric crystal having at least one sensing surface which carries residues or moieties of the assayed molecules bound to a protein molecule which has the binding characteristics of the 5B3 monoclonal antibody;
- (b) contacting the sample with the at least sensing one surface;
- inducing vibrations in the piezoelectric (c) crystal and measuring resonance frequency thereof; and
- (d) determining whether there occurred increase an in resonance frequency after contact between the sensing surface and the medium, such increase indicating presence of the assayed molecule in the sample.
- A method according to Claim 119, wherein the assayed 120. molecules are explosive molecules.
- A method according to Claim 120, wherein the assayed 121. molecule is DNT or TNT.

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- 122. A method according to Claim 119, comprising binding a mass increasing agent to the antibodies.
- 123. A method according to Claim 122, wherein said mass increasing agent comprises a second antibody, or an avidin or a streptavidin molecule which binds to a biotin moiety conjugated to the protein molecule.
  - 124. A method according to Claim 115, comprising:
- (a) providing a sensing member comprising a piezoelectric crystal having at least one sensing surface which carries residues or moieties of the assayed molecules;
  - contacting the sample with a protein molecule which has the binding characteristics of the 5B3 monoclonal antibody and incubating for a time allowing the antibodies to bind to the assayed molecules if present in the sample, to yield a treated sample preparation;
- (c) contacting the treated sample preparation with the at least one sensing surface;
- (d) inducing vibrations in the piezoelectric crystal and measuring resonance frequency thereof; and
- (e) determining whether there occurred a decrease in resonance frequency after contact between the sensing surface and the treated sample preparation, such decrease indicating presence of the assayed molecule in the sample.
- 125. A method according to Claim 124, wherein the assayed molecule is an explosive molecule.
- 126. A method according to Claim 125 wherein the assayed molecule is DNT or TNT.

- 127. A method according to Claim 124, comprising binding a mass-increasing antibody to the protein molecule.
- 128. A method according to Claim 127, wherein said mass increasing agent comprises a second antibody, or an avidin or a streptavidin molecule which binds to a biotin moiety conjugated to the protein molecule.
  - 129. A method according to Claim 115, comprising:
- (a) providing a sensing member comprising a piezoelectric crystal having at least one sensing surface which carries capturing agents for binding to a protein molecule which has the binding characteristics of the 5B3 monoclonal antibody;
- (b) contacting the sample with said protein molecule which can bind to the assayed molecules under conditions and for a time permitting binding of said protein molecule to the assayed molecules, to obtain a treated sample preparation;
- (c) filtering the treated sample preparation through filtration system to filter out said protein molecule unbound to the assayed molecules to obtain a filtrate essentially devoid of such unbound protein molecule;
- (d) contacting said filtrate with the at least one sensing surface;
- (e) inducing vibrations in the piezoelectric crystal and measuring resonance frequency thereof; and
- (f) determining whether there occurred a increase in resonance frequency after contact between the sensing surface and the treated sample preparation, such increase indicating presence of the assayed molecules in the sample.

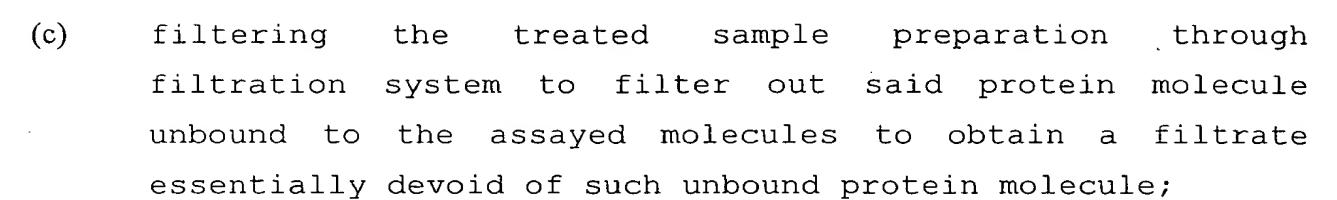
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- 130. A method according to Claim 129, wherein the assayed molecules are explosive molecules.
- 131. A method according to Claim 130, wherein the assayed molecule is DNT or TNT.
- 132. A method according to Claim 129, wherein said filtration system comprises immobilized residues or moieties of the assayed molecules.
- 133. A method according to Claim 129, wherein said protein molecule is conjugated to a moiety which binds to said capturing agents.
- 134. A method according to Claim 133, wherein said moiety is a biotin residue and said capturing agent is avidin or streptavidin.
  - 135. A method according to Claim 115, comprising:
- (a) providing sensing member comprising a piezoelectric crystal having at least one sensing surface which carries capturing agents for binding to a protein molecule which has the binding characteristics of the 5B3 monoclonal antibody;
- (b) contacting the sample with said protein molecule which can bind to the assayed molecules, said protein molecule being conjugated to an enzyme which can catalyze a reaction yielding an insoluble reaction product, for a time permitting binding of said protein molecule to the assayed molecules, to obtain a treated sample preparation;

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- (d) contacting said filtrate with the at least one sensing surface;
- (e) applying condition permitting the enzyme to catalyze the production of the insoluble reaction product;
- (f) inducing vibrations in the piezoelectric crystal and measuring resonance frequency thereof; and
  - determining whether there occurred a decrease in resonance frequency after contact between the sensing surface and said filtrate or after application of said conditions, such decrease indicating presence of the assayed molecules in the sample.
- 136. A method according to Claim 135 wherein the assayed molecule is an explosive molecule.
- 137. A method according to Claim 136, wherein the assayed molecule is DNT or TNT.
- 138. A method according to Claim 136, wherein said filtration system comprises immobilized res<del>idues</del> or moieties of said assayed molecule.
- 139. A method according to Claim 136, wherein said capturing agent is an immobilized antibody which binds a moiety of said enzyme, such binding not interfering with the catalytic activity of said enzyme.